107 - MODEL OF A MUNICIPAL SYSTEM OF SPORT AND LEISURE FOR THE MANAUS-AMAZONAS CITY

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1. Introduction

The sportive management has been subject of several discussions among the physical education professionals, as well as the sportive controllers, once that those are the basic basis for success of the most diverse sportive sources.

As an example of sportive management we present the Brazilian Confederation of Sport - CBD, that since 1916, date of its creation, is conceived as an eclectic system, whose conception of organizational structure consisted on Specialized Sportive Departments, in which Soccer was indubitably the main modality.

With this type of organizational structure as a model, the sportive movement in the states starts to adopt similar structure, associating CBD to it and representing the national entity in its respective states (Netto, 2001).

Stimulated for the growth of the Brazilian sportive movement, circa 1918, the state of Amazonas, also creates its entity of administration of sports, calling it Amazonense Federacy of Athletical Sports - FADA, with the same organizational structure of the CBD.

With the conquest of two world-wide headings of soccer and also in other modalities, a movement of disentail of diverse sports of the CBD was created and initiated in the specialized Confederations, and consequently the same happens on the states.

In Amazonas, the first sport to disentail itself of the FADA was the soccer in 1966, with the creation of the Federacy of Soccer from Amazonas.

The implementation of the Course of Physical Education implanted by then at the University of Amazonas in 1970 was the mark whereas the sports in Amazonas gains national expression and leads to the beginning of the movement of administrative and organizational emancipation of other sportive modalities.

From the half of the decade of 1970, a organized movement also appeared in Manaus with the scope of creating a sportive structure facing the Government, that mainly made possible the development of the pertaining school sport. Such movement culminated with the creation of the Supervision of Sport of the State of Amazonas - SEDAM that centered in its first objective the pertaining to school sports, did not neglect of other sportive sources, and also contemplated in its organizational structure the sport for all, denomination at the time.

However, not only a structure of organization and sportive management can guarantee its full development and consolidation, actually to guarantee such fullness it is important the interaction with some actors either in public and private ambience, which would lead to the dreamed sportive system, in our case in municipal character.

Therefore, the present study has as area to discipline the sportive management, and has as objective a exploratory and descriptive study, where we can widely argue the elaboration of a model of sportive system for the city of Manaus.

2, Material and Methods

Al already seen, the present study of exploratory and descriptive character, have as initial objective the understanding of the concept of sportive system from the perception of the participants of the diverse municipal and state conferences, which had been carried through to subsidize from its proposals at the II National Conference of Sports/2006, in the AXLE 1 - Structure: organization, agents and abilities and consequently to glimpse as starting point the elaboration of a model of sportive system for the city of Manaus.

In that it concerns the used methodology, they understand the set coherent of rational procedures or practical rational that the thought for the proposal of one guides determined to know. Therefore, the present study, of exploratory and descriptive character, is a kind of work that limits to demarcate characteristics or to delineate the profile of a definitive group or population (Gaya, 1994).

For data collection, Documentary Research was used, from the set of proposals proceeding from the States, which had subsidized in the scope of the AXLE 1 - Structure: organization, agents and abilities at the II National Conference of Esporte/2006. "The characteristic of the documentary research is that the source of data collection is restricted to the written documents or not, therefore constituting what it is called the primary sources". (MARCONI; LAKATOS, 2002).

The used sampling was a intentional sample, which is characterized by previously definite criteria and for a deliberated space to get representative samples, capable to supply the necessary information to the inquiry (Gaya, 1994).

In this kind of sample the researcher is interested in knowing the concept of sportive system from the perception of the participants of the diverse municipal and state conferences, which had subsidized the II National Conference of Esporte/2006, in the AXLE 1 - Structure: organization, agents and abilities.

In this regard, the proposals of the States had been used for the study which indicates respect to the possibility to appraise or to indicate some reference with respect to the circumscription of that it is the Sportive System. The proposals used in the study came from the following states: Acre (AC), Amapá (AP), Bahia (BA), Ceará (CE), Espirito Santo (ES), Goiás (GO), Mato Grosso of Sul (MS), Mato Grosso (MT), Rio De Janeiro (RJ), Rio Grande Norte (RN) Rio Grande Do Sul (RG), Roraima (RR), Santa Catarina (SC), Sergipe (SE), Tocantins (You).

3. Description of the Results

In Picture 1, the proposals proceeding from 15 states are presented that of some form they had approached on the conception of a sportive system.

Due to regard the Seminary norms, we grouped the proposals of the 15 states in 7 topics, without losing the central idea

Picture 1 - Proposals of the states on the sportive system and leisure

1. The System of Sports must be formed by public and private institutions that are integrated, or that will come to

integration to sports and leisure.

2. To guarantee continued formation the professionals and social agents of sports and leisure, in administration with focus in the sport so that he can follow the fulfillment of (the re)construction of the System of Sport and Leisure and the promotion of partnerships between the public power, the federacy, the universities and the third sector.

3. To define, through the Ministry of the Sports, for consolidation of the System of Sports and Leisure, that all the Cities possess in its structure, Secretariats and City councils of Sport and Leisure, with budgetary and financial resources for its management.

4. The System of Sports and Leisure will have to be conceived, with an opened structure, democratic and decentralized, making possible the participation of all the society in national, state and municipal level.

5. The System of Sport and Leisure must be constituted by: a). National, state and municipal entities and organizations, of governmental and not-governmental instances, formal and not-deeds of division, responsible for the sport in all the levels and modalities with the application purpose, maintenance and development of the sport and the leisure. b) The entities and organizations of the System of Sport and Leisure must share responsibilities in dialogical ways, under the rules of the inclusive citizenship in accord with the principles, the lines of direction and the objectives of the System, catalyzing and investing financial resources, technician and human beings in the elaboration and execution of projects that contemplate the sportive interests not only, but also social, the intellectual ones, artistic and tourist of the leisure.

6. To conceive a System of Sports and Leisure that takes care of to the general necessities of the States and Cities, of integrated form, respecting its autonomies, with participation of the segments of public and private nature.

7. To develop integrated actions that include in the System of Sports and Leisure, the organized civil society with similar activities, as: schools, universities, cooperatives, entities, unions, ONGs and associations.

Fonte: Propostas dos Estado para II Conferência Nacional do Esporte/2006 *I Eixo 1 - Estrutura: Organização, Agentes, Competências*

As it can be observed above in the picture the sportive system and leisure must be constituted by public and private institutions, as well as it contemplates the representation of the civil society organized, that is an open and democratic system, with autonomy according to its specificity, having as reference in the states and cities the secretariats and its respective advice, not neglecting for its more good functioning of the formation of its controllers.

In Picture 2, we present the conception of the sportive system systemize from the happened proposals of the states and contained in the final document, in the scope of the AXLE 1 - Structure: organization, agents and abilities, being the same ones approved in the final plenary of II the National Conference of Esporte/2006.

Picture 2 - Conception of sportive system and leisure, approved in the final plenary of II the National conference of sports/2006

The National System of Sports and Leisure, would be based on the regimen of contribution between the union, the states and cities, with emphasis in the municipalization, consolidating the social sport and the leisure as right and guiding for the principles of the democratization and social inclusion, articulates, integrates, promotes and establishes ethical relations of partnerships between the entities of the civil society, institutions public and private, around the educational sport, of participation and income, valuing the accessibility, decentralization, intersetoriality and multidisciplinary of the sportive actions and leisure.

The National System of Sports and Leisure aims to consolidate the National Politics of Sports as well as creating mechanisms that guarantee the execution and accessibility of same in all the spheres of the federacy, and defining the papers of the leading entities of the sport and leisure.

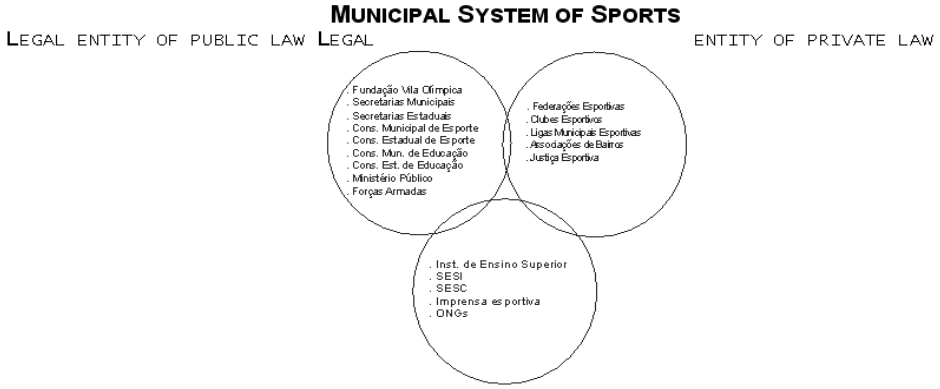
The National System of Sports and Leisure understands the educational sport, the sport of participation and the sport of high income, not exculpatory between itself, articulated in equal conditions and decentralized, democratic, a structure that involves the cities, the states and the union, in the public scopes and private, claiming for the participation of all the society.

The abilities of each agent of the National System of Sports and Leisure must be filled by the contribution and exposure, in respect to the proper characteristics of each one, its autonomy and relevancy, prioritizing the social inclusion, without damage of its prerogatives.

Fonte: Resoluções da II Conferência Nacional do Esporte / Eixo 1 - Estrutura: Organização, Agentes, Competências.

In picture 2, we can observe that the text approved in the final plenary in the II National Conference of Esporte/2006, in that it regards to the sport system and leisure, is possible to verify that in the cited text the yearning of the diverse participants of the conference in state and municipal scope is contemplated.

Furthermore we present a proposal through graphical representation, with the objective to provide to the community the movement of the sport and the leisure and similar areas, the beginning of a discussion so that it is conceived the System of Sport and Leisure for the city of Manaus.



Legal entities that would develop non-deeds practice, promoting culture and sports science, forming and improving specialists.

4. Final Considerations

Pires (1994), in the conclusion of his article on the "organization of the future", affirms that "future goes through the idealization of a supported system in a new space of dialogue between individual and the social and ambient system in the search of a multiplicity in ways to see, to be, to like and to practice sport".

The citation from Pires propitiates a reflection of the dialogue between the individual and the social and ambient

system does not mean only its participation in the sportive practical, more can be represented, also, for the use of the communication systems, revealing that the current forms of organizing the sport require more modern alternatives, that take care of to the interests of all.

Appealing again to Pires (2005) with the following comment: "... or the sport has in terms of public politics a proper time and a space in the process of development of the countries and the regions in consequence of the people, or it does not serve for nothing ".

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MODEL OF A MUNICIPAL SYSTEM OF SPORT And LEISURE FOR The MANAUS-AMAZONAS CITY

ABSTRACT

The present study of exploratory and descriptive nature has as objective to present for quarrel a model of Municipal System of Sport and Leisure for the city of Manaus-Amazonas, as from the proposal approved in the I National Conference of the Esporte/2006. For data collection it was used Documentary Research, from the set of proposals proceeding from the States. The results of the State Conferences are presented, as well as of the Resolution of the II National Conference of Sports, approved in the final plenary of the respective Conference.

KEYWORDS: Sportive Management; System Sportive, Sport

MODÈLE D'UN SYSTÈME MUNICIPAL DE SPORT ET LOISIR POUR MANAUS-AM

RESUMÈ

Le présent étude de la nature exploratoire et descriptive, a pour but, présenter un modèle de système municipal de sport et loisir pour la ville de Manaus-AM, a partir de la proposition concedé à l'ocasion de la I Conférence National de sport/2006. La Recherche Documental a été utilisé pour obtenir les résultats donnés, d'après les propositions provenient des États. Ils sont présentés les résultats des Conférences des États, ainsi que de la Résolution de la II Conférence National du Sport, approuvé dans la respective Conférence.

MOTS-CLES: Gestion Sportive; Systéme Sportive; Sport

MODELO DE UN SISTEMA MUNICIPAL DE DEPORTE Y RECREACIÓN PARA EL MUNICIPIO DE MANAOS - AMAZONAS

RESUMEN

El presente estudio de naturaleza exploratoria y descriptiva, tiene como objetivo presentar a discusión un modelo de Sistema Municipal de Deporte y Recreación para el municipio de Manaos - Amazonas, a partir de la propuesta aprobada en la I Conferencia Nacional de Deporte/2006. Para la recolecta de datos se utilizó la Investigación Documental a partir del conjunto de propuestas provinientes de los Estados. Se presentan los resultados de las Conferencias Estatales, así como la Resolución de la II Conferencia Nacional de Deporte, aprobada en la plenaria final de la respectiva conferencia.

PALABRAS CLAVES: Gestión Deportiva: Sistema; Deportivo; Deporte

MODELO DE UM SISTEMA MUNICIPAL DE ESPORTE E LAZER PARA O MUNICÍPIO DE MANAUS-AMAZONAS

RESUMO

O presente estudo de natureza exploratória e descritiva, tem como objetivo apresentar para discussão um modelo de Sistema Municipal de Esporte e Lazer para o município Manaus-Amazonas, a partir da proposta aprovada na I Conferência Nacional do Esporte/2006. Para coleta de dados foi utilizada a *Pesquisa Documental*, a partir do conjunto de propostas provenientes dos Estados. São apresentados os resultados das Conferências Estaduais, bem como da Resolução da II Conferência Nacional do Esporte, aprovada na plenária final da respectiva Conferência.

PALAVRAS-CHAVE: Gestão Esportiva; Sistema Esportivo, Esporte